Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1861. NO. 30.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1856,

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These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

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On Female Complaints.
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On the modes of Treatment now practised.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

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Select Poetry.

THERE IS BEAUTY IN THE COUNTRY.

There is beauty in the country!
Of the country let me sing,
With its beds of brilliant flowers,
And gay birds upon the wing—
When the trees put on their glory,
And array themselves in green—
When the woodlands ring with singing,
And the clover leaves are seen—
When the orchards are in blossom,
And the lilacs crowned with blue,
Oh! I love the blooming country,
When the flowers are sweet and new.

There is beauty in the country
When the spring has crossed the vale,
And a wreath of flowers and garlands
Leave their breath upon the gale—
When the summer crowned with brightness
Leaves her treasure on the plain,
And the waving golden harvests
Wake our gratitude again—
When the Autumn, sear and yellow,
Comes with chilly, frosty morn,
And brisk, busy hands at husking,
Pile the bright and yellow corn.

There is beauty in the country,
When the skies are bright above,
And ten thousand beauties tell us
That the world is ruled by love;
Even Winter, with his mantle
Of the purest, brilliant white,
Is a crown of chrystal glory,
And a season of delight.
Yes, I love the glorious country,
For there's living brightness there,
With its sunshine, trees and blooming—
With its beauty everywhere.

There is beauty in the country!
Every leaf and every flower,
Is a constant living wonder—
Is a miracle of power,
Every tree with grand proportions—
Every happy, singing bird,
Every bramble by the way-side—
The contented, grazing herd,
These are tokens of His goodness,
Bright unfolding of His might.
So, I love the glorious country,
With its scenes of pure delight.

There is beauty in the country!
There is health and vigor there;
There is purity of feeling—
There is less of gilded care;
For the purest, social pleasures,
There is full and ample means—
There is pure and sweet contentment,
In the midst of rural scenes—
There is more to cheer and gladden,
There is less to mar and blight—
Oh, I love the glorious country,
With its scenes of pure delight.

Select Miscellany.

THE DEADLY RIFLE.

The returns of killed and wounded at the Battle of Bull Run are necessarily imperfect, but enough have been received to show that the losses among officers—especially commissioned ones—are much larger, in proportion to their number, than those among privates. The killed are 2 Colonels, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 2 Majors, 16 Captains and 7 Lieutenants; and the wounded are 2 Acting Major-Generals, 8 Colonels, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 3 Majors, 16 Captains, and 33 Lieutenants. The casualties among Captains are particularly noticeable. Making every allowance for the extra exposure of officers on horseback and those on foot in front or at the side of their companies, there is still no doubt that a large number of the killed and disabled on that fatal day were singled out and shot by expert marksmen, who were enabled to take deliberate aim from rifle-pits or behind trees.

The distance between the hostile forces was repeatedly small enough to permit the picking off of individuals with perfect certainty by any person moderately skilled in the use of the rifle. What loss was sustained among the officers of the enemy, is not known; but, as many thousands of the United States forces engaged were also armed with rifles, it may fairly be supposed that the sharp-shooters in our ranks used these weapons with deadly effect upon the wearers of shoulder-straps wherever they could be seen.

☞ It is a bad sign to see a man fly into a passion over a single joke. It looks as though he had done something he was ashamed of.

AN AFRICAN PEST.

Du Chillu, in his recently published travels in Africa, gives the following description of a terrible equatorial ant, called the "la shikouay." He says:

"It is their habit to march in a long and regular line, about two inches broad, and often ten miles in length. All along this line are ants who act as officers—stand outside the ranks and keep this singular army in order. If they come to a place where there are no trees to shelter them from the sun, whose heat they cannot bear, they immediately build underground tunnels, through which the whole army passes in columns to the forest beyond. These tunnels are four or five feet under ground and are used only in the heat of the day, or during a storm.

"When they get hungry the long file spreads itself through the forest in a front line, and devours all it comes to with a fury which is quite irresistible. The elephant and gorilla fly before their attack; the black men run for their lives; every animal that lives in their line of march is chased. They seem to understand and act upon the tactics of Napoleon, and concentrate with great speed their heaviest forces upon the point of attack. In an incredibly short space of time, the mouse, dog, leopard, or deer, is overwhelmed, killed and eaten, and the bare skeleton remains.

"They seem to travel night and day. Many a time have I been awakened out of a sleep and obliged to rush from the hut, and into the water, to save my life, and after all suffered intolerable agony from the bites of the advance guard who had got into my clothes. When they enter a house they clear it of all living things. Roaches are devoured in an instant, and rats and mice spring around the room in vain. An overwhelming force of ants kills a strong rat in less than a minute, in spite of the most frantic struggles, and in less than another minute its bones are stripped. Every living thing in the house is devoured. They will not touch vegetable matter. Thus they are in reality very useful (as well as dangerous) to the negroes, who have their huts cleaned of all the abounding vermin, such as immense roaches and centipedes, at least several times a year.

"When on their march the insect world flies before them, and I have often had the approach of a bashikouay army heralded to me by this means. Wherever they go they make a clean sweep, even ascending to the tops of the highest trees in pursuit of their prey. Their manner of attack is an impetuous leap. Instantly the strong pinchers are fastened and they only let go when the pinchers give way. At such times this little animal seems animated by a kind of fury, which causes it to disregard entirely its own safety, and to seek only the conquest of its prey.—The bite is very painful.

"The negroes relate that criminals were in former times exposed in the path of the bashikouay ants, as the most cruel manner of putting to death.

"Two very remarkable practices of theirs remains to be related. When, on their line of march, they must cross a stream, they throw themselves across and form a tunnel—connecting two trees or high bushes on opposite sides of the little stream. This is done with great speed, and is effected by a great number of ants, each of which clings with its fore claws to its next neighbor's body and hind claws. Thus they form a high, safe and tubular bridge, through which the whole vast regiment marches in regular order. If disturbed, or if the arch is broken by the violence of some animal, they instantly attack the offender with the greatest animosity.

"The bashikouays have the sense of smell finely developed, as indeed have all the ants I know of, and they are guided very much by it. They are larger than any ant we have in America, being at least half an inch long, and armed with very powerful legs and sharp jaws, with which they bite. They are of a red or dark brown color. Their numbers are so great that one does not like to enter into calculations; but I have seen one continual line passing at good speed a particular place for twelve hours. The reader may imagine for himself how many millions on millions there may have been contained there."

A NICE LITTLE HAUL.—Some time since, it will be recollected, a large amount of provisions and whiskey was taken by our flotilla on the Potomac (on board the Buena Vista,) on the Maryland side of the river. It was, of course, sent to Washington, but owing to some explanation of the assumed owners, it was released with the understanding that all the property would be purchased by the Government. In accordance with this arrangement the War Department bought it—the whiskey costing the Government $400. "So far, so well." A few days since it was discovered that the said whiskey barrels contained, instead of the "ardent," lots of the most approved pistols, amounting to the value of some $8,000! Not a bad speculation for Uncle Sam.

SOMEBODY IN MY BED.

Few of our readers, have ever been placed in the situation in which our Doctor once found himself. The following is his story:

"I believe, Captain," said the Doctor, I never told you about my adventure with a woman at my boarding-house, when I was attending the lectures!"

"No, let's have it," replied the individual addressed, a short, flabby, fat man, about fifty, with a highly nervous temperament, and a very red face.

"At the time I attended the lectures, I boarded at a house in which there were no females but the landlady and an old colored cook."

Here the Doctor made a slight pause, and the Captain, by way of requesting him to go on, said—

"Well."

"I often felt the want of female society to soften the severe labor of study, and to dispel the ennui to which I was subject—"

"Well," said the Captain.

"But as I feared that forming acquaintances among the ladies might interfere with my studies, I avoided them all."

"Well."

"One evening, after listening to a long lecture on physical anatomy, and dissecting a large negro, being fatigued in body and mind, I went to my lodgings."

"Well," said the Captain.

"Went into the hall, took a large lamp and went directly to my room, it being somewhat after one o'clock."

"Well."

"I placed the lighted lamp on the table, and commenced undressing myself. I had hardly got my coat off when my attention was attracted to a dress and a quantity of petticoats lying on a chair."

"Well," said the Captain, who began to show signs of being deeply interested.

"A pair of beautiful small shoes and stockings were on the floor. Of course I thought it strange, and I was about to retire, but thought it was my room, and that I had at least a right to know who was in my bed."

"Exactly," nodded the Captain—"well."

"So I took the light, went softly to the bed, and with a trembling hand drew aside the curtain. Heavens! what a sight. A pretty young girl, I should say an angel, was in there asleep!

"Well," said the Captain, giving his chair a hitch.

"As I gazed upon her I thought I never witnessed anything more beautiful. From underneath a little night-cap, rivaling the snow in whiteness, fell a stray ringlet over a neck and shoulders of alabaster."

"Well," said the excited Captain, giving his chair another hitch.

"Never did I look upon a bust more perfectly formed. I took hold of the covering and softly pulled it down—"

"Well!" said the Captain, betraying the utmost excitement.

"To the waist."

"Well," said the Captain, dropping the paper, and renewing the position of his legs.

"She had on a night-dress, buttoned up before, but softly I opened three or four buttons—"

"Well!" said the Captain, wrought up to the highest pitch of excitement.

"And then—ye Gods! what a sight to gaze upon! A Hebe—pshaw! words fail. Just then—"

"*Well!*" said the Captain, hitching his chair right and left, and squirting his tobacco juice against the stove.

"I thought that was taking a mean advantage of the girl, so I seized my coat and boots and went and slept in another room."

"*It's a lie!*" shouted the excited Captain, jumping up, and kicking over his chair—"by golly IT'S A LIE!"

A RICH CHILD.—Little Nellie L——— had lost her father, and her mother was poor. Her sweet temper and her winning ways gained her many friends. Among these was an excellent lady, Miss N———. A glimpse of Nellie's bright face peeping in at the doors, always brought a smile of peculiar tenderness over Miss N.'s placid features.

She loved to sit by the child and softly stroke her hair, and while looking thoughtfully into her smiling eyes would often say, "Poor, poor Nellie!"

When Nellie shook her head, with her heart too happy to forebode evil, her friend would caress her more fondly, and then say "Poor, little Nellie!"

The child's heart seemed troubled by these pitying words, for she asked one day, "why do you call me *poor?* Please don't, Miss N———. I'm not poor—why I've got twenty-five cents and *a good mother!*"

"Rich little Nellie," said her friend. "A good mother! Ah! how long I was learning what this little one knows."

"A good mother!" could any earthly treasure have made her so truly rich!

☞ Always work for the attainment of some object. If the object itself is not important, the pursuit is. A fox is worth nothing when caught; he is followed for the pleasure of the pursuit.

Practical Joke of a Chicago Zouave.

A member of the New York Fire Zouaves, who went from this city to join Col. Ellsworth, in April, and who, until then, had been an industrious typo in the Chicago *Tribune* office, was on picket duty one day last month, when the following incident occurred:

An F. F. V., with rather more than the usual supercilliousness of his race, rode up in a carriage from the direction of Alexandria—driven, of course, by his servant. Zooxoo stepped into the road, holding his bayonet in such a way as to threaten horse, negro and white man at one charge, and roared out—"TICKETS!" Mr. V. turned up his lip, set down his brows, and by other gestures indicated his contempt for such "mud-sills" as the soldier before him, ending by handing his pass to the darkey and motioning him to get out and show it to Zooxoo.

"All right," said the latter, glancing at it, "move on"—accompanying the order with a jerk at the coat-collar of the colored person, which sent him spinning several paces down the road. "Now, sir, what do you want?" addressing the astonished white man.

White man by this time had recovered his tongue: "Want? I want to go on, of course. That was my pass."

"Can't help it," replied Zoo; "it says 'pass the bearer,' and the *bearer* has already passed. You can't get two men through this picket on one man's pass."

Mr. V. reflected a moment, glanced at the bayonet in front of him, and then called to his servant to come back. Sambo approached cautiously, but fell back in confusion when the "shooting-iron" was brandished towards his own breast.

"Where is your pass, sir?" asked Zooxoo.

"Here, massa," said the "chattle," presenting the same one he received from the gent in the carriage.

"Won't do," replied the holder of the bayonet. "That passes you *to* Fairfax. Can't let any one come *from* Fairfax on *that* ticket. MOVE ON!" A stamp of the foot sent Sambo down the road on a gallop.

"Now, sir," he continued, "if you stay here any longer, I shall take you under arrest to headquarters."

Mr. V. grabbed up his lines, wheeled around and went off at the best trot his horses could manage over the "sacred soil." Whether Sambo ever hunted his "massa" up is not known.—*Chicago Paper.*

PROPOSAL BY PROXY.—I ups and I tells Mose all about it; and says I to Mose, says I:

"Hadn't you just as leave ask her for me?"

He said he had. So, to make a long story short, one bitter cold night Mose and I started for the house where Liddy lived. It was agreed that I should stay in the wood-shed while Mose went in and sot matters right. Mose knocked at the door and went in and I sot down upon a chopping log to await the issue. Mose thought he could fix things in about half an hour, and it was eight o'clock when he went in; I calculated to be in Paradise half after; but there I sot, and sot till I heern the clock struck nine, then I had to get up and stomp and thrash my hands to keep from freezin'. Ten o'clock, then eleven struck, and still no Mose. At last, just about mid-night—when I'd got to be little better'n a half froze tater, out he comes. I rushed up to him an' with a shakin' voice, "Mose," says I, "what dus she say?" "Jake," say he, "'pon my soul I forgot to ax her!" Just six weeks arter, Mose and Liddy were made one flesh!

"LET PHILADELPHIA PREPARE."—So says the Charleston *Mercury*. Here is the paragraph:

"It is to be hoped that within a very short space of time the army of the Potomac will be increased to an extent that will render all efforts of the enemy futile beyond contingency, and enable our skillful generals to carry the war across the border. In this latter point of view, the obtainment of so many fine wagons and horses is an exceedingly fortunate circumstance, saving much time and a great expenditure of money. When Washington falls, and Maryland is redeemed, let Philadelphia prepare, for this is a game of two countries."

NO COMPROMISE.—A patriotic Irish woman, who had reached the age of sixty or more, stepped into a store the other day, and accosted the proprietor with

"Misthur, is it true they're agoin' to Compromise?"

"I think not, Mrs. D. I have no confidence in any such report."

"Well, I hope they won't too; I've got one boy in the army now, fightin' for his counthry; and I tell yez, if I ever takes to havin' children agin', an' they Compromise, the divil a soldier will I ever raise for 'em more."

☞ Why is the Union like a crab apple? Because, to be worth anything it must be *preserved*.

A Water-Spout in New Hampshire.

A correspondent of the Manchester Mirror gives the following account of a terrific water-spout on the Massabesic pond:

July 12, 1851.—Yesterday about five o'clock, as a thunder-shower was about leaving the pond, the water commenced rising from near the Inland Pond House, and very soon it formed a spout estimated to be at least one thousand feet high. The spout was funnel-shaped, tapering very gradually from the water surface until reaching about eight hundred feet elevation, then it spread into the shape of an umbrella top, extending hundreds of feet in diameter, and in contrast with the black clouds beyond, presented one of Nature's most beautiful scenes. It remained stationary about ten minutes, and then moved towards Johnson's beach, where a pic-nic party were in the nick of time to get a ducking, see and feel the spouting.

As it approached the beach, and while passing, it carried off all the boats along the shore, and also twisted off branches of trees three or four inches through, and in about the twinkling of an eye took off the dishes used for the table and cooking, that had been hastily thrown on the table as the shower came up, and sent them in all directions through the woods. Some one sang out, "Lie down on your faces," and it was well we did so, for as the whirl passed, the trees were actually bent down to the ground, touching the backs of the prostrate persons. The spout coming in contact with some woods near the shore, got "aired" and broke with the noise of distant cannon, and then, far and near, the air was filled with branches of trees, leaves, sticks, etc. The whole performance, I should judge, lasted about fifteen minutes. The water-spout tore down the fences, tipped over the bath-houses, and made clean work in its course just east of the Island Pond House, but fortunately did not reach that structure. It was terrific, frightful, to all who saw it.

Training at West Point.

At West Point the Cadets are daily trained to shoot at a target with a musket or a rifle. They fire at ten targets the size and form of a man. Each squad is arranged in lines, so that each Cadet and each squad is recorded, so that the qualities of each as a marksman are well known to the instructor.

While on a visit to this famous military school, last summer, we paid close attention to the rifle shooting of the Cadets. It was what may be called in general, loose firing; yet we could not fail to notice how some of the Cadets appeared to be born marksmen, while others appeared to be naturally incapable of learning the art.

One Cadet, whom we watched, tried in vain to hit his target at a moderate distance. Not believing the fault was in himself, he complained it must be in the rifle. He was convinced of his error by the instructor taking the rifle and planting a bullet right in the "bull's eye." We made some inquiries of the instructor respecting the qualities of the Cadets in learning to shoot, when he told us that the youth to whom we had just referred could not make a marksman.

Chapman, in his book called "The American Rifle," states that all men dodge in firing—some before, and others just after the shot is fired. The latter class may learn to be marksmen, the former never. In learning to shoot with a rifle, a person should endeavor to acquire a steady, cool demeanor, with a true, quick eye and nimble finger. Practice, and nothing but practice, can make a good marksman. At the same time mere firing is not the only practice necessary.

A HARD ROAD TO TRAVEL.—A courier arrived at Clarksburg the other day, from Bullitown, having been shot at during the journey no less than three times by concealed "secesshers." One ball hit him on the side, passed through some old papers in his side pocket, and glanced off upon a button of his pantaloons, merely breaking the skin so as to bring the blood. Another ball passed through his coat-tail, and another through one leg of his pantaloons. The road between Bullitown and Clarksburg must be "a hard road to travel."

ONE HAND FOR THE UNION.—In the battle of Bull's Run, Henry Benson, of Kenosha county, Wis., fought gallantly with his regiment, the Second Wisconsin. He was the first shot through the hand, and exclaimed, "There goes one hand for the Union. Rally, boys, and down with the traitors!" Just then a ball struck him near the heart. He died, exclaiming, "Tell my father I die like a man fighting for the Union."

☞ The editor of the Miskawaka *Enterprise* found a dollar the other day. In announcing the fact he published a notice of 21 lines informing the loser that by proving property and paying ten cents a line for the notice the money would be returned. We presume the money will not be called for.

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1861.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Condition of Missouri.

Mr. John W. Robison, formerly of this place, but who, for some years past, has been residing in Springfield, Missouri, returned with his family, a few days since. He gives a rather deplorable account of the state of affairs in that section of that now unhappy State. He left Springfield with Seigel's army when it retreated out of that place on the morning of the 11th inst., after the great battle between Lyon and McCulloch's forces. He had no time to save any of his effects save wearing apparel, and not all of that. Seigel's army moved out early in the morning and the advance guard of the rebels entered the town at eight o'clock, just after the rear of the Union forces had left. In the section of the State occupied by the rebel army all the crops have been destroyed and the grain and stock appropriated to the use of the army. In many instances they did not pretend to pay for what they took, and where they did offer a return, it was in Southern Confederacy Script, filled up with a lead pencil, and, as a matter of course, not worth the paper on which it was written. The Union forces, while encamped at Springfield, also appropriated grain and stock to the use of the army, in the absence of supplies from the Government, but they were always paid for in money current in the State. Herein the difference.

What is to become of the poor people in that part of the State is hard so realize. The rebel army is now in the neighborhood of Springfield, and, being without supplies from the Confederacy, depends upon foraging. This will consume all grain and stock in that region. The question is, where are the poor to get their winter's bread? Business of every kind is perfectly prostrated, consequently they cannot get work to earn money to buy provisions—which will be enormously high, because brought from a distance—and they have no money to bring them away.—Starvation is their certain doom, unless something be speedily done for them.—Oh! what a fearful reckoning awaits those who have entailed these untold miseries upon innocent women and children. How silly the course of those border States that have allowed a few demon demagogues to transfer their unholy crusade against the Union into their domains. Poor Missouri! Poor Virginia!

Extraordinary Explosion at Pittsburgh.

We learn from the *Chronicle* of Tuesday afternoon last, that about 10 o'clock of that day, shortly after the arrival of the Express train from the East, and while the employees of the Adams Express company were engaged in unloading a car, something exploded, with a loud report, blowing out one side of the car, scattering the boxes and packages, with which it was filled, in every direction, and fatally injuring one, if not two, of the employees. One named Wm. McLaughlin had his head frightfully mashed up, and his side and abdomen terribly injured. Another, named John Mahon, had one of his legs broken and it is feared is injured internally.

Mr. W. Bachelor, who was engaged on the platform, watching for contraband goods, had his leg shattered in a dreadful manner by being struck by a board blown from the car.

As soon as the injured parties were removed, the car was hauled out and an investigation commenced, with a view of ascertaining the cause of the explosion. A large quantity of fragments of cannon primers, of a new pattern, used in discharging artillery were found where the car had stood. It is supposed that in unloading the car the box containing these had fallen in some way, the concussion causing them to explode.

☞ Get your old post office envelopes and stamps exchanged for new ones as soon as possible, and save money.

The News.

While we are not in favor of the motto that "to the victor belong the spoils." when applied to political parties, we are, nevertheless, in favor of the removal of every clerk now holding office in Washington city, or elsewhere, who manifests the least hesitancy in taking the oath of allegiance to the constitution of the United States, or against whom there is the least suspicion of disloyalty. This is not the time to bandy words in a matter so vital to the perpetuation of the Union. A friend of the Secessionists who maintains his position in any of the public offices at Washington can do as much, if not more, injury to the Union cause than a division of confederate soldiers; therefore we hope to see the offices rid of them as speedily as possible. We are glad to learn that they are being speedily and summarily dismissed.

Washington city is now secure against any attack that the Confederates may make upon it, and the War Department and the old General-in-Chief would like nothing better than to see such an attack made. The Confederates would, in that event, be so completely routed that they could not call a halt at Manassas.

The term of enlistment of men entering the regular army between this time and the first of January, 1863, will be for three years. After that date the term will be as heretofore—five years. The minimum standard of height for recruits is fixed at five feet three inches.

Two prisoners who recently escaped from Richmond report that our men, who are prisones there, are crowded into small rooms and are indifferently cared for, though in their letters they are obliged to intimate that every attention is paid to their comfort. We did not believe the statements contained in letters of prisoners fully confident as we are, that those who do not treat their own subjects respectably would hardly show much kindness to their enemies.

The Government has ordered that Adams' Express convey no more written communications between the North and South, thus virtually putting the veto on the last and almost only hope of the rebels of gaining information concerning things in the North. The ropes are gradually but surely tightening around them, and they will soon find themselves in an isolated condition.

The agents of the Government in the North have been extremely vigilant of late, in arresting spies and emissaries of the South who have came to the North to obtain loans or buy contraband articles, or who have returned from Europe with aid and comfort for our enemies. All Southerners who now arrive at Northern ports from foreign countries are subjected to close inspection, and those about to sail for foreign ports are also closely searched. It is now extremely unhealthy for any of them to be caught up in their traitorous schemes.

The seccssion forces have been withdrawn farther back into Virginia. The intention of this movement on their part is a matter of speculation, but certain it is that it commenced as soon as our forces at Washington were increased.

The Union men of Missouri are being plundered and driven out of that part of the State now occupied by the forces of Gen. McCulloch. Over 1,000 Union men have been forced to leave their homes in the Southwest, leaving their property at the mercy of the rebels.

The report that the small pox, measles and mumps are raging in the camps of the insurgents, south of the Potomac, is undoubtedly correct, as it is verrified by reports from their own side. If let alone for a time, disease will thin out their numbers much faster than Northern bullets. It is a fact known to those who were in the Mexican campaign, that the Southern regiments suffered much more from contageous diseases, such as is now reported in their camps, than did the Northern regiments.

U. S. army officers who now tender their resignations, in the face of the enemy, are immediately arrested and placed in Fort Hamilton, N. Y., thus preventing their going over to the Southern Confederacy and making use of the knowledge they have acquired at the expense of the U. S. by leading armies or commanding privateers against it.

It is reliably stated that foreign bankers have asked leave to take $50,000,000 of the U. S. loan authorized by the last Congress. The Secretary of the Treasury has, however, refused to grant it, believing in the ability of the Government to maintain itself without asking the aid of foreign capital.

The Mayor of Washington City has been arrested and sent to one of the N. Y. Forts for refusing to take the oath of allegiance. He is believed to be in complicity with the rebels, and his house is now guarded to prevent the removal of his private papers.

The new Governor of Missouri has issued a proclamation calling out 42,000 men to suppress rebellion in that State and drive out Ben. McCulloch and his forces. He calls for 10,000 cavalry and 32,000 infantry, and assigns 6,000 as the quota of each military district. He says that if the number exceeds that called for, the overplus will be held as a reserve corps, but if there is a deficiency it may become necessary to resort to a draft. The force called out will be for six months unless peace be sooner restored.

A number of female Secessionists, who have been acting as spies and giving aid and comfort to the rebels, have recently been arrested at Washington city, the Government has determined that treason shall be crushed out whether under male or female attire.

There are now fifteen steamers in the Potomac flotilla, composing a force sufficiently strong to prevent the rebels crossing to the Maryland side, at any point. All the schooners, sloops, row-boats and skiffs on the Potomac river have been taken charge of by the Government to prevent communication between the Maryland and Virginia shores.

Arrest of Spies.

One day last week, three men, named Thos. J. Carson, Walter W. Kelly and Wm. M. Pegram, were arrested at Harrisburg, on suspicion of being spies, although they represented themselves as citizens of Baltimore. They came through to Harrisburg from Hagerstown, Md., from which place a telegram informing the Mayor of Harrisburg of their character, preceded them. They were arrested as soon as they stepped from the cars. They were kept in custody until the arrival of the U. S. Marshall and a couple of detectives, when they were thoroughly searched. Upon the persons of Pegram and Carson were found letters which showed their character, but the most important documents were found on the person of Kelly, as the following, which we clip from the Philadelphia Press of Friday last, will show:—

Nothing of a suspicious nature was found in the carpet-bag of Kelly, but he was summarily ordered to strip. He removed his garments one by one, until he stood nude, with the exception of his undershirt. Nothing was found upon any of his garments, and he rolled up the arms of his undershirt, saying:

"You see I have nothing at all."

At this time the chief lifted the extremity of his shirt, disclosing an array of false pockets.—Kelly then reeled, and faintly asked for a glass of water, evidently much frightened. Drafts dated Richmond, on New York, were then produced, amounting to $100,000 or more. The letters containing the drafts were sewed up in the pockets, and the whole had been ironed out, to give the garment a close fit, and prevent the notes from obtruding. A number of treasonable letters were also found.

All the letters were taken possession of by the Mayor, and, the circumstances being deemed sufficient to detain the men in custody, they were put in the county prison for a further hearing.

The men were evidently in the North to get specie and arms. They will, probably, be handed over to the military authorities as spies, when they will fare by the military laws prescribed in such cases.

THE COMING STRUGGLE IN KENTUCKY.—The Louisville *Journal* of Friday, speaking of the continued outrages of the Secessionists in Kentucky, and their obvious determination to plunge the State into war, says:—Fiends and devils in human shape are plotting your ruin and subjugation. They are laying their plans to have confederate soldiers in the employ of King Jeff. Davis introduced into this State. Awake! Arouse! and prepare to meet the invader. Give not an inch to the conspirators in your midst, for the more you give the more they will advance! Meet them at the threshold if they dare interfere with the exercise of any constitutional right which you possess. Every man of you to his post, and while you will not invade any sister State, if war is tendered to you accept it fearlessly, and if your State is invaded welcome the invaders "with bloody hands to hospitable graves." We do not desire unnecessarily to alarm you, but we tell you that we understand the movements of this secession party. *There is danger ahead. Be not taken unawares.* Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty!

AN OBSTACLE REMOVED.—One great obstacle in the way of recruiting for the volunteer service has been removed by the following section of an act passed by Congress on the 22d of July last. A great many men have refused to enlist because they could not leave their families provided for, but now that their wives can draw their pay, and also receive their allowance from the volunteer fund, this difficulty no longer presents itself:

"That the Secretary of War be, and is hereby authorized and directed to introduce among the volunteer forces in the service of the United States, the system of allotment tickets now used in the navy, or some equivalent system, by which the family of the volunteer may draw such portions of his pay as he may request."

This has been sent to the officers of the United States army in command, among the general orders recently issued from the headquarters of the army.

Edward Everett on the Liberty of the Press.

We hear much said now-a-days about the liberty of the press and the freedom of speech, especially since it has been found necessary to suppress a few journals in the East that have proven themselves emissaries of the enemy. In times of peace we are in favor of the largest liberty both of the press and speech, but when we are involved in difficulties such as now hang over our nation, we are decidedly opposed to allowing any man, either through the press or by speech or action, to increase those difficulties. Laws made for times of peace will not always answer in times of war. We think it no more justifiable to allow an editor or a public speaker to sow dissention among the loyal people of the Union and weaken their faith in their cause, or the General Government, than it would be to allow a Southern army to march into one of your fertile valleys and rob the citizens of their crops and stock; in fact the former is the most serious evil of the two, and should be earliest remedied. Edward Everett, in referring to the subject, says:—

"There are presses, for the most part in the border States, though some of them are found in cities more remote from the scene of action, which are daily pleading the cause of the enemy, misrepresenting and villifying the Government of the United States, exaggerating every article of unfavorable intelligence, and exerting themselves to the utmost to dishearten the friends and defenders of the Constitution and the Union. But such is the all but superstitious devotion of the people to the liberty of the press, that these pernicious journals have, with the exception of a single instance in St. Louis, never been interfered with. It seems to have been thought better by these in authority to tolerate the mischief of those unpatriotic presses, than to elevate them to greater importance by prosecution, or to encroach in the slightest degree upon that freedom of public discussion which in ordinary times is justly regarded as one of the greatest safeguards of liberty. *But it is preposterous to sacrifice the end to the means.* We should in this respect learn wisdom from the enemies of the Union. While we regard as unbecoming our Christian civilization that resort to lynch law, by which every expression of opinion adverse to the popular sentiment is suppressed in the seceding States, we ought to remember that in tolerating a traitorous press among ourselves, we practice a liberality which awakens no gratitude at home, and is never reciprocated by the opposing party. It is in fact an absurdity in terms, under the venerable name of the liberty of the press, to permit the systematic and licentious abuse of a Government which is tasked to the utmost in defending the country from general disintegration and political chaos. The Government of Malta was once censured in Parliament for some alleged severity towards the editor of a journal in that island, and the liberty of the press was declared to be in danger.—The Duke of Wellington said he was as friendly as anybody to the liberty of the press in London, but a free press on the Island of Malta was as much out of place as it would be on the quarter-deck of a man-of-war. We suppose the most enthusiastic champion of the liberty of the press would hardly think it right to publish a journal within the walls of Fort McHenry, in which the officers of that garrison should be daily advised to desert and the men be constantly exhorted to mutiny; and whose columns should be filled with persistent abuse of the Government and all engaged in its defence.—Why should journals of that description be allowed to diffuse their poison beneath its walls amidst the excitable population of a large city?

Interesting Decision.

We find in the Pittsburgh Chronicle, of the 22d inst., the following interesting decision of a nice point in law, a knowledge of which may save some of our readers trouble and expense:—The district Court some few days since delivered its decision in the case of Campbell vs. Lacock, which, from the points involved, was looked for with a good deal of interest. The facts of the case may be briefly stated. The firm of Getty & Gessenger, who at one time kept the Station Hotel, Allegheny, dissolved partnership in 1856—Getty selling out his interest to Gessinger, and receiving therefor $700. Gessinger also bound himself to pay the debts of the firm, Lacock becoming his security for the performance of the contract. Campbell, the plaintiff, holding a note of the firm for $500, brought suit upon it and got judgment; but the sheriff returned "no goods," whereupon he instituted suit against Lacock for the amount, as the latter had bound himself for the strict performance of Gessenger's agreement with Getty, namely, that he would pay the debt's of the firm. And thus the case came before the Court. Judgment was entered for the defendant, the Court holding that where on dissolution of partnership one partner binds himself to the other to pay the debts of the firm, and a third partner then and there becomes security for the performance of the contract—a creditor, not privy to the contract, cannot in his own name sue the surety for the firm's debt. If the creditor has any action against the surety it must be in the name of the partner to whom the promise was given.

☞ *Godey's Lady's Book* for September, is on our table—no, not on our table, it has taken the place of war items in the hands of our better-half, who considers that its contents are far more interesting than accounts of battles and movements of troops. Godey can attract amid all excitement. This number is in keeping with its predecessors. It is the best lady's book published. Price $3,00 per annum, L. A. Godey, Philadelphia.

☞ *Peterson's Magazine* for September has been some weeks on hand, and although unnoticed has not been forgotten, especially by the women folk. Our lady visitors ask for it more frequently than any other publication we receive. It is a good magazine for the price—only $2,00 per annum. C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia.

NEWSPAPER PRICES.—The Charleston *Evening News* has given up the ghost, and every paper in Charleston, Mobile, New Orleans, Memphis, Nashville and Montgomery has raised its prices—all pledging themselves in a published statement to adhere to the increased tariff of rates. Evidently journalism at the South is not a paying business.

The Right Kind of Talk.

Why can not all the editors in the loyal States, notwithstanding they may be opposed to the present administration politically, speak out for the Union, as do most of them. Let all who are inclined to favor the present peace movements, because they are opposed to the present administration, read the following extracts:

[From the Doylestown Democrat.]

THE DUTY OF DEMOCRATS.—In the war which the Government is now waging for the integrity of the Constitution and the preservation of the Union, the duty of Democrats individually, and the party collectively, is so plain that none can mistake it. They must support the Administration in every measure calculated to put down rebellion, and conquer peace. In doing this they are not committed to any of the political tenets of Mr. Lincoln or his party, nor can they be charged with giving aid and comfort to their political enemies Heretofore. Democrats have always rallied to the support of the country when it was in danger. They fought the battles of the war of 1812, and defended the honor of our flag in Mexico; and let it not be said that they are any the less mindful of their duty in the present great national emergency. This coutest is one in which we are all equally interested, and no man can stand aside with folded arms and say, "The war is not mine; I have nothing at stake." In the contest there is involved everything that man holds most dear in Government and civil liberty, and, in fact, the very fabric of society depends upon the struggle; for success to the rebels brings anarchy to us. The stake is not for the present, but for all time to come, and our children, and our children's children, are deeply interested. Our party has ever proclaimed itself the especial champion of the Union, and branded the opposition as its enemy; and there never will again in our history occur such an opportunity to vindicate our claim to disinterested patriotism. Let us strive to excel all other parties in our devotion to the country, so that when the war shall be over we can point to our deeds with pride and pleasure. The support, however, to be efficient, must be cordial and heartfelt, and it will not do for a man to say in one breath that he supports the Government, and in the next denounce the "Lincoln war." This conduct is but a thin concealment of treason, which would probably break out into overt acts but for a little wholesome fear. In the same category may be placed those who continually cry aloud for "peace," at the expense of honor and everything else, and beg that the South may not be subjugated—an act which no sane man dreams of. He who does this is not a Democrat, but simply an encourager of rebellion and a traitor to his country. Future generations will place a proper estimate upon all such slippery patriots. In our nominations this fall, the only qualification required, beside competency, should be that of devotion to the Constitution and the Union, and an unqualified support of the Government. The party that does not stand upon this platform will go to the dogs, as it will deserve.

[From the Perry County Democrat.]

TRAITORS IN THE NORTH.—There is no use attempting to conceal the fact, there is at this time in all the Northern States an effort being made to divide the people of the loyal States with a view to force the government into an abandonment of the war and a recognition of the Southern Confederacy. It is true there is yet no *organized* Peace Party in the North, but all that these sympathizers with treason and traitors are waiting for, is a few more defeats and the capital they expect to make out of complaints against the collection of the taxes for the support of the war. Jeff Davis predicted before the rebellion commenced that there was a sentiment in the North that would play into their hands and eventually force the Government to acknowledge their Confederacy. It appears that he was not altogether mistaken, and for the evidence of the truth of this assertion all we have to do is to read the editorials of many of the papers. Some of these treasonable prints are doing more to destroy the Government than the Richmond *Enquirer* or the Charleston *Mercury* can possibly do. In New York the Breckinridge State Committee, before their final adjournment last week, put themselves *openly* in opposition to the farther prosecution of the war against the rebels.

We have not room this week to give our opinion in detail of this treasonable movement in behalf of the Secessionists; but we will say, that we will support no man for office this fall, we do not care who he is, or by whom he may be nominated, who is not an avowed friend of the Union and a supporter of the war now being waged in defence of the very existence of the Government. Nay, more, we will oppose every sympathizer with treason or traitors and will labor night and day to effect his defeat.

The effort now being made in the North to commit the Democratic party to measures of hostility to the war and make it a Peace Party, shall never have our countenance or support, and the fate of the blue light Federalists of old should be a warning to all Democrats.

The Democratic party has always been *the* Union party of the country and it must not be suffered to be prostituted to the base uses of treason. It never was the Peace Party in time of war and the honest and patriotic masses of which it is composed will never permit a few traitors to convert it into the means of dividing the people of the North and thereby bring destruction to the Government and ruin to the people. No matter who is President, the Government must and shall be sustained, rebellion crushed out and traitors punished. There is but one of two positions for every citizen to take: He must either be for his country or he is against it. He must either sustain the powers that have been Constitutionally ordained, or he must oppose them for the benefit and behoof of the traitors who are assailing the integrity of the Union. Choose ye between them.

A SUGGESTION TO VOLUNTEERS.—The New York *Examiner* says: "A medical friend, whose European experience gives value to his testimony, and whose heart has been pained at the number of deaths which have already taken place in our army from the loss of blood from wounds begs us to suggest that the *perchloride of iron*, an article to be obtained from all our larger druggists, checks hemorrhage, even from large blood vessels, promptly and effectually.—Four or five drops are sufficient to check completely the flow of blood from anything except the largest arteries, and a half teaspoonful will arrest bleeding even from these. He advises that each non-commissioned officer should be provided with a small flat tin bottle of this, containing say a couple of ounces, which he can wear in his breast pocket, and that the bottle should have wound around it a little bat cotton, on which the iron could be dropped, or poured, to apply it. This simple device would have saved several valuable lives at the affairs at Vienna and Great Bethel. Will not the Sanitary Commission see to this matter?"

SINCERE PATRIOTISM.—The following is an extract from a letter from a distinguished naval officer, now in the blockading squadron, to his wife:—I want you to live in the most frugal manner possible, and if you can save any money from your income, by the strictest economy, loan it to the Government, if it be but fifty dollars or a hundred dollars, to assist it in the smallest mite to maintain the Constitution of the United States and the supremacy of the law. The present unhappy condition of our once glorious Union is enough to make "the angels weep." One such officer is worth a hundred traitors, on whichever side they serve.

LUSUS NATURE.—A lady residing near Dauphin last week gave birth to a child which is so much deformed that its sex cannot be distinguished, and it is supposed its life cannot be prolonged over a few days. The upper portion of its body to its waist is perfectly formed, but its abdomen is only covered with a thin skin, whilst a large part of it is entirely without covering, leaving the intestines exposed to view, and the sexual organs and anus are entirely wanting. At last accounts the child was still living, but it is supposed that it cannot survive many days longer.

☞ A recent letter from Savannah, Ga, contained the following significant paragraph: "Our city is in mourning. Five hundred and seventeen of our beautiful Oglethrope troops were killed at the battle of Manassas, all young men, and members of our best families."

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION,

The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishoners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave; he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as athome, he will send to those who require it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge), with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick, they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescription are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.

Nov. 15,'60.-1y. Williamsburgh, New York

Dr. Velpeau's Cankerine.

DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Putrid Sore Mouth.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gums.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the Breath of anything known.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in the Mouth, Throat, or Sthomach, resulting from Scarlatina or Typhus Fevers.

Ladies, if you delight in pearly white teeth, use the CANKERINE, and your desires will be realized. We pledge our word that it is entirely free from acids and all poisonous substances, and can be given to an infant with perfect safety. It will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free from ulcers. It is equally efficacious for nursing sore mouths. In all the thousands remedies that have been put forth for the cure of the various diseases above, none can equal the Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle.

J. BUEHLL & CO.
Proprietors, 93 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

For sale in Altoona, by G. W. KESSLER.

☞ Even those who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventives of disease. We are never too well armed against the assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to."—Such an invigorator they may find in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS—a medicine that cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season, particularly, the strongest man is not proof against the malaria, in certain sections of the country. In all cases of fever and ague, the BITTERS is more potent than amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for any of the ailments which the Hostetter Bitters professes to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment, we cordially recommend an early application to the Bitters, whenever they are stricken by diseases of the digestive organs. ☞ Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

☞ We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, in another column of our paper. It is seldom we take any notice of patent medicines, but we cannot refrain from speaking of this Cordial and do justice to the afflicted as well as ourselves. We have watched the progress of this Cordial since its first introduction to the public, and we are satisfied that there is nothing in use for cleaning the system and renovating the blood, that can be compared with Prof. Wood's Cordial.—Any one suffering from general debility, after using one bottle will see its beneficial effects. We have a long acquaintance with the proprietor, and know him to be skilled in the science of medicine; and anything compounded by him the public can rely upon as being just what it is recommended. We would advise all sick or well to get a bottle. It is pleasant to the taste, and exhilarating to the system. But we refrain from further comments, as any one, after using one bottle, will be satisfied as to its effects.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Oct. 4, '60.—1y. King County, New York

A Card to the Suffering.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge.

Address
REV. WM. COSGROVE.
439, Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

☞ THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses the most splendid Clothing Emporium in the country. It is splendid as regards the palatial structure in which the immense business of the establishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast resources. But to its patrons its chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Gentlemen and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability of the materials, as the superior excellence of the fit, and lastly the moderate prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description, to none other than the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. above Sixth, Philadelphia.

☞ We invite special attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's *Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator*, in another column. For weakness and general debility there is nothing like it; it will strengthen, exhilarate, create an appetite at once, regulate the biliousness system, aid digestion and in short, restore the weakened organs to all their original vigor and strength. So valuable a Tonic Cordial should be in the hands of every invalid and in every family. Reader, try it.

...s NATURE.—A lady residing near Dun... last week gave birth to a child which is so ...formed that its sex cannot be distin... and it is supposed its ...cannot be ...ed over a few days. ...portion ...only ...its waist is perfectly formed, but ...man is only covered with a thin skin, ...large part of it is entirely ...view, ...earing the intestines ...to-view, ...enital organs and anus ...entirely. ...At last accounts the child was still ...but it is supposed that it cannot survive ...ays longer.

...A recent letter from Savannah, Ga., ...d the following significant paragraph: ...ity is in mourning. Five families and ...n of our beautiful Oglethorpe troops ...led at the battle of Manassas, all young ...d members of our best families."

...Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's ...t in our paper. Read it; it will ...you.

...ECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

...PSIA,
...NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

...dersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for ...pted his time to curing his Parishioners and the ...w York of these dreadful complaints, which carry ...d thousands to an untimely grave; he has ...lled to care all who have applied to him for re...ollowing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve ...d, as well as athome, he will send to those who ... a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge), ...tions for preparing and using the same. Also ...ket, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise, by the ... will find these remedies a sure cure for Consump... ...ll diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Bron... ...nstipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous ...d Female Complaints, and he hopes every one ...ll send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and ...ring should apply before it is too late. These ...n are used by the most eminent Physicians in ...aris, and New York. Those wishing them will ...ress REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.
...'60.-1y. Williamsburgh, New York.

...r. Velpeau's Cankerine.

...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Putrid Sore Mouth.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sores.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gums.
...EAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the ...anything known.
...EAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in ...throat, or Stomach, resulting from Scarlatina ...vers.
...you delight in ...e white teeth, use the CAN... and your desires will be realized. We pledge ...that it is entirely free from acids and all pois... ...nces, and can be given to an infant with perfect ...will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free ...rs. It is equally efficacious for curing sore ...In all the thousands remedies that have been put ...he cure of the various diseases above, none can ...Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 ...bottle. J. BURRILL & CO.,
Proprietors, 93 Maiden Lane, N. Y.
...in Altoona, by G. W. KESSLER.

...n those who are in the enjoyment of perfect ...quently have need to have recourse to tonics ...vels of disease. We are never too well armored ...e assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to."—...vigorator they may find in HOSTETTER'S BIT... ...medicine that cannot be taken regularly without ...ity and elasticity to the system. At this sea... ...larly, the strongest man is not proof against ..., in certain sections of the country. In all ...r and ague, the BITTERS is more potent than ... quinine, while the most dangerous cases of ...r yield to its wonderful properties. Those who ...the medicine will never use another, for any of ...s which the HOSTETTER BITTERS professes to cu... ...hose who have not made the experiment, we ...ommend an early application to the BITTERS, ...hey are stricken by diseases of the digestive ...-Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. ...advertisement in another column.

...take great pleasure in calling the attention of ...s to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Restora... ...d Blood Renovator, in another column o... It is seldom we take any notice of patent medi... ...we cannot refrain from speaking of this Cordial, ...tice to the afflicted as well as ourselves. We ...ed the progress of this Cordial since its first in... ...to the public, and we are satisfied that there is ...use for cleaning the system and renovating the ... can be compared with Prof. Wood's Cordial.—...ffering from general debility, after using one ...see its beneficial effects. We have a long ac... ...with the proprietor, and know him to be skilled ...ce of medicine; and anything compounded by ...blic can rely upon as being just what it is re... We would advise all sick or ...ell to get a ...e pleasant to the taste, and exhilarating to the ...t we refrain from further comments, as any ...ing one bottle, will be satisfied as to its effects.

To Consumptives.

...rtiner, having been restored to health in a few ...very simple remedy, after having suffered se... ...ith a severe lung affection, and that dread dis... ...ption—is anxious to make known to his fellow ...e means of cure.
...o desire it he will send a copy of the prescrip... ...se of charge,) with the directions for preparing ...e same, which they will find a sure cure for ..., ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of ...r in sending the Prescription is to benefit the ...spread information which he considers to be ...nd he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, ...cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. ...ding the prescription will please address.
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg,
...-1y. Kings County, New York

Cured to the Suffering.

...m. Congreve, while laboring as a missionary ...e cured of Consumption, when all other means ...d a recipe obtained from a learned physician ...the great city of Zeddo. This recipe has cured ...ds who have suffering from Consumption, ...ld Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility ...ar complaints caused by these disorders. ...Considering others, I will send this recipe, ...ded hope with me, to all who need it, free of ...charge.
REV. WM. CONGREVE.
439, Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N.Y.

...GRAND EXPOSITION OF THE UNION... ...ains the most splendid Clothing Empo... ...ld. It is splendid as regards the gath... ...the immense business of the estab... ...ment, and it is equally splendid in respect ...ty, value and vast resources. Here is to be ...ound are, first, the clothing of the ...ren and Youths, manufactured there; ...ty and durability of the materials, and ...ness of the fit, and lastly the cheapness ...ich we can sell. We refer, by ...ermission, to the Brown Stone Clothing E... ...ment, Nos. 605 and 607 Chestnut St.

...Special attention to the advertisement o... ...Cordial and Blood Renovator, in ...ns. For weakness and general debility there ...ne of Consumption, exhilarate, create an ...ppetite like Hostetter's System, and digestion ...the nutritional organs to all their pris... ...ts. So valuable a Tonic should ...e of every invalid and in every fam...

Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.
MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	10 40	A. M.
Western Way	7 00	"
Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and	6 00 P. M.
Western Through	6 00	P. M.
Eastern Through	7 20	"

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and	6 20 P. M.
Western Through	4 40	A. M.
Eastern Through	7 10	"
Western Way	11 00	A. M.
Eastern Way	6 20	P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 6 45 till 7 45 A. M.
JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

Express Train	East arrives	4,40 A. M.,	leaves	4,45 A. M.
"	" West "	7,10 A. M.	"	7.30 A. M.
Fast	" East "	8,30 P. M.	"	8.50 P. M.
"	" West "	7,55 P. M.,	"	8,10 P. M.
Mail	" East "	11,00 A. M.	"	11,20 A. M.
"	" West "	6,30 P. M.,	"	6,50 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.
INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Trains East and West; Express West, and Fast Line and Mail train East and West.

LOCAL ITEMS.

DEPARTURE OF OUR VOLUNTEERS.—On Monday evening last the first detachment of the "Blair County Sharp-Shooters," under command of Capt. R. J. Crozier, departed for the seat of war. As heretofore stated, this company is to be attached as a flanking company to Col. Sam. Black's regiment, now in Washington city. It will be known as Company M.

At the same time the first detachment of Capt. Wayne's Zouaves left for camp, at Harrisburg. Capt. W.'s company is to be attached to Col. Power's regiment of Zouaves.

Each of the above officers left recruiting officers behind to gather up men for the purpose of filling the companies to their full complement, which we doubt not they will soon succeed in doing.

A very large crowd of the friends of the volunteers were at the depot to see them off. The boys were in fine spirits, and as they a good set of fellows, we expect to hear a good report of them, should they get into a brush with the rebels in secessia.

DIED—In this place, on the 19th inst., Mr. ROBERT BYERS, aged 21 years.

The Blairsville *Record* pays the following tribute to his memory:—The early death of this young man will be profoundly and sincerely lamented by his numerous friends and acquaintances. He entered the service of the United States as a volunteer in one of the Pennsylvania Regiments for three months, and was, during that time, in the Division of Gen. Patterson, upon the line of the Potomac. Here were planted the seeds of the disease which terminated his life. We knew him well and can bear testimony to his courage, generosity, kindness of disposition and the possession of all the qualities which constitute true manhood. Born in Virginia, he entertained no heretical opinions about allegiance, but nobly gave himself to his country.

ANOTHER NEWSPAPER MOBBED.—At Bridgeport, Conn., on Saturday night last, the office of the *Farmer and Advertiser* was completely gutted by the volunteers of that place, in the presence of 3,000 to 5,000 citizens. The windows were smashed, the type all thrown into the streets, and the presses destroyed. There was found in the office a U. S. mail-bag filled with papers addressed to leading secessionists of Alabama, Georgia and other Southern States, also some two hundred wooden billies, turned and furnished with strings for the wrists. These clubs were made from shovel-handles, and were probably furnished by a secession shovel manufacturer in Bridgeport. Some curious letters were also discovered, exposing the treason of politicians in Hartford and elsewhere. Secession is getting to be "a hard road to travel" in the loyal States.

CORRECTION.—The *Standard* says that the Harrisburg *Union* falls into a mistake in saying that Capt. Crosier's company of "Sharp-Shooters" hails from Altoona, and claims that the big end of the company was recruited in Hollidaysburg, and parts thereunto adjacent. We do not know whether our cotemporary refers to the largest men or the largest number, when he says "big end," or what part of the country he calls "thereunto adjacent" to Hollidaysburg, but we think that an examination of the muster-roll of the "Sharp-Shooters" will show that Altoona is as fully represented therein as Hollidaysburg, and has an equal claim to the company. "Honor to whom honor is due."

NEW P. O. STAMP AND ENVELOPE.—A new envelope and stamp has just been issued by the Post Office Department, to take the place of the old ones now in use. All old stamps and envelopes can be exchanged for new ones if presented at the nearest post office within a reasonable time after the new ones are received. The new envelope stamp is not by any means attractive, but the single stamps are very neat. The prominent feature of it is a bust of Washington, done in pink; surrounding the head are the words "United States," and below the words "Three Cents," with a figure 3 on each side.

AN EXCELLENT APPOINTMENT.—We are pleased to learn that Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, in this place, has been appointed a Chaplain in the Army or Navy, whichever he may prefer. He has not yet signified his acceptance of the appointment, and is not certain that he will take it. We believe him to be just the man for such a position, but, with the members of his charge here, we should be sorry to lose him from our midst, nevertheless, if he considers it his duty to accept the position offered, it would be wrong to object.

P. S.—He has accepted the appointment.

ACCIDENT.—A repair hand on the Branch Road, named Simonton, met with a severe accident on monday evening last. He was assisting in working the hand car, when, in stooping forward, his watch-guard caught on the crank, and he was thrown in front of the car, the car passing over him, and breaking two or three of his ribs, and otherwise severely, but not dangerously injuring him. A physician was called in and his injuries properly attended to, he is doing as well as could be expected.—*Standard.*

REMEDY FOR DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA.—Dr. Page, of Washington, communicates the following to the *Republican* of that city:

The following simple remedy, long known in family practice, was recently tried in the camp of the New York Twenty-second Regiment, where there were from 80 to 100 cases daily of dysentery, and with rapid cures in every case:

Recipe: In a tea cup half full of vinegar, dissolve as much salt as it will take up, leaving a little excess of salt at the bottom of the cup.—Pour boiling water upon the solution till the cup is two-thirds or three quarters full. A scum will rise to the surface, which must be removed and the solution allowed to cool.

Dose: Tablespoonful three times a day till relieved.

The rationale of the operation of this simple medicine will readily occur to the pathologist, and, in many hundred trials, I have never known it to fail in dysentery and protracted diarrhœa.

☞ The disaster at Manassas is a good subject for the European journals at present, and the jeers and taunts which they have heaped upon our "brave soldiers" who fought so gallantly, go beyond all reason and are sufficient to enrage every good citizen against them. But just at this time, it is best to pass them carelessly by, until our internal troubles are settled. In the mean time, if any of our citizens desire any thing in the way of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c., they will do best by buying them at Roush's Cheap Drug Store, above the Post Office.

IRON CITY COLLEGE.—Since graduating at the Iron City College, in 1857, I have traveled extensively through the United States, and visited nearly all the leading Commercial Schools in the country, but nowhere have I found that thoroughness and efficiency which so pre-eminently characterizes the Iron City College.—Every young man in the country should spend a term or more in this school, if he would make himself a thorough business man.

GEO. K. TOZER.

MILITARY ENCAMPMENT.—Some of cotemporaries along the Juniata are quite elated with the prospect of having a military camp located in their neighborhood. Mifflintown, Lewistown, Huntingdon, Hollidaysburg, and, some say, Altoona, is to have it. Our opinion is that none of those places will get it; and if they do that they will not be much the better of it, if it is not conducted more strictly than those we have seen.

STOLEN.—A valuable mare was stolen from the pasture field of Thomas Patterson, Williamsburg, this county, on the night of the 6th inst. Mr. P. offers a reward of fifty dollars for the arrest of the thief and the recovery of the animal.—*Standard.*

☞ Col. John Piper and Frank Henry, of Gaysport, Christ Yeager, of Duncansville, and John E. Toole, of Frankstown, have been appointed Wagon Masters in the army. Each appointee is required to bring 25 teamsters with him.

CAMBRIA COUNTY FAIR.—The Managers of the Cambria county Agricultural Society have resolved to hold their Seventh Annual Exhibition at Ebensburg, on the 1st, 2d and 3d days of October next.

OPENING OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The Public Schools of this place will open on Monday next, September 5th. Miss Ella J. Humes has been selected as assistant teacher in the East Ward Primary School.

☞ R. R. Bryan, Samuel Isett, Jos. Kemp, and Jos. Smith, have been elected by the Blair County Agricultural Society, delegates from this county to the Farmer's High School.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Thos. A. Scott, Assistant Secretary of War, is now on a visit to Pennsylvania.

☞ The recent heavy rains in the West have destroyed a great amount of property, especially in Ohio.

☞ Maj. Slemmer has been ordered by telegraph, to join General Rosencrans, in Western Virginia.

☞ Gen. Fremont has been authorized to take and use the Illinois Central Railroad for military purposes.

☞ Gen. McClellan forbids the purchase of grey uniforms—the rebels color—and it is desired the State should no longer furnish them.

☞ Within five days after the last call of the Secretary of War for troops, Pennsylvania had sent 6,500 men to the seat of war. Good for the old Keystone.

☞ The arrests of female rebels who have hitherto uttered their sentiments with impunity, has caused many who were violent in their utterances to moderate their tone.

☞ Gov. Morton, of Indiana, now in Washington, says his State will have eighteen more regiments in the field, in three weeks, making the quota of that State thirty-seven.

☞ If any persons who are obliged to take offensive medicine would first take a bit of alum in the mouth, they could then take the medicine with as much ease as though it were as much sugar.

☞ Brigadier-General Anderson has left for Kentucky. Although his health is not fully re-established, he is anxious to be on active duty, and will at once assume command of his department.

☞ Twenty thousand Austrian rifles passed through Indianapolis, for General Fremont, last Friday. This is the second instalment of twenty thousand, so that Fremont has enough of first-class arms for all his army.

☞ Hereafter all deserters from the army are to be arrested by the police or citizens, and tried by court martial. In case a citizen captures a deserter, he will receive the sum of thirty dollars, which will be deducted from the pay of the soldier.

☞ The Artillery regiment recently sent to the Capitol, from this State, comprising eight perfect batteries, fully manned and equipped, is reported by the Chief of Ordnance in Washington to be one of the most efficient auxiliaries yet sent to the field.

☞ Gen. Beauregard has fixed upon names for the two battles near Manassas. That on the 18th is called the Battle of Bull Run, and that on the 21st is in future to be styled the Battle of Manassas Plains. Our readers will conduct themselves accordingly—if they choose.

☞ Gov. Curtin has published the names, occupations and residences of the disaffected members of Col. Mann's regiment, who have been dismissed from the service, and warns all recruiting officers not to enlist them again. We should not like to have our names on that list.

☞ Should be Practiced Here.—A Charleston paper says that all the stores in that place are closed at four o'clock daily, and all hands, from 16 to 60 years old, are drilled to prepare for the fall campaign. It would not be a bad idea to institute such a practice in the north.

WHY IS IT SO.—An exchange says: "Fasten a nail or key to a string, and suspend it from your thumb and finger and the nail will oscillate like a pendulum. Let some one place his open hand under the nail and it will change to a circular motion. Then let a third person place his hand upon your shoulder, and the nail becomes in a moment stationary."

ORIGIN OF THE ZOUAVES.—We have recently heard several arguments relative to the origin of this popular arm of our citizen-soldiery. The term "Zouave"—pronounced Zwave—is from the Arabic, Zouaous, and had its origin from a confederation of the most warlike tribes of Kabylin, which infested the inaccessible ravines of Djurjura. These battalions were composed of native Arabs, but sometimes Europeans are received, and particularly the young Red Republicans and enthusiastic Gamins of Paris. There were twelve French soldiers admitted into each company. Their uniform consisted of an Arab coat, or waistcoat with sleeves of deep blue cloth, closed in front with a facing of yellow galloon or joinguil lace, red pantaloons of Moorish cut; a woolen sash of sky-blue; a red fez cap, with a yellow tassel, encircled by a green turban; leather leggings with white gaiter tops, and Turkish shoes, cartridge box and knapsack.—The officers had the uniforms of the French Hussars. Their arm was a carbine, mounting a sabre-poignard for a bayonet.

The Zouave light infantry was established in Algeria, by the French, by an ordinance of the 21st of March 1831, upon the suggestion of Marshal Clausel, in order to re-place the Turkish troops in the service of Algerine Regency, that had been expelled after the French conquest. There were at first two battalions.

The manœuvere in which the Zouaves are peculiarly effective is that of Voltiguers, leaping up behind the cavalry, who dash into the midst of a desperate engagement, the Zouaves slide off as the cavalry wheel, and they are left to their bloody work.

These dare-devil regiments were the flower of the French army in Crimea and in Italy.—They were the heroes of Inkerman, Paleastro, Magenta, and Melgano. After the last named victory, in which the Zouaves had borne severe losses, they contrived to find deals to make coffins for their officers, and in the old Castello, which was occupied by the regiment, the corpses were laid out covered with flowers and laurel wreaths. This was said to have made even the Zouaves thoughtful.

ARMY CLOTH.—A manufacturing establishment at Manayunk, Pennsylvania, has just received an order from the Government for over half a million yards of flannel for the Government, and several mills have been put in operation to complete the work. Another concern in the same place has received a contract for the manufacture of 150,000 yards of light blue army cloth, suitable for winter clothing, and it is expected that the whole order will be filled in less than four months. In addition to the cloth, the mill is being enlarged so as to make a thousand yards of flannel per day, and this will give employment to an additional number of hands.

☞ *"Never take the field unless the Star-Spangled Banner of your country floats over your head."* These were the words addressed to the people of South Carolina by Andrew Jackson, 1832. And these would be his words if now alive. They are the sentiments of the Union men of Kentucky. Sinking or swimming, living or dying, surviving or perishing, they have announced to the American people that they will never take the field unless the Star-Spangled Banner of their country floats over their heads. They will never enlist under the Rattlesnake flag of Jeff. Davis.—*Louisville Journal.*

TO MY FELLOW CITIZENS:—I hereby announce myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of Sheriff of Blair County, and if elected will endeavor to discharge the duties of said office faithfully.

FRANCIS McCOY.

Hollidaysburg, Aug. 15, 1861.-te.

MARRIED.

On the 11th inst., by Daniel Shock, Esq., Mr. MARTIN NOFSKER to Miss CATHARINE DODSON, both of Freedom township, Blair county.

On the 15th inst., by E. Dell, Esq., Mr. PETER STARN, of Bedford county, to Miss CATHARINE YOUNG, of Taylor township, Blair county.

On the 20th instant, by Rev. John Moore, Mr. JOHN HILEMAN, of Frankstown, to Miss MARY HANCUFF, of Beaver Dams, all of this county.

DIED.

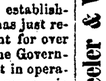
In Hollidaysburg, on the 18th inst., JOHN LLOYD, son of B. M. and Mary J. Johnston, aged 7 years and 24 days.

In the same place, on the 25th instant, MARY JANE, wife of B. M. Johnston, aged 29 years, 9 months and 25 days.

In the same place, on the 26th inst., of pulmonary consumption, ELIZABETH DOUGHERTY, wife of Wm. G. Murray.

In Sharpsburg, this county, on the 19th instant, of dis case contracted in the army, Mr. SHIFFLER, a private in company I, Capt. Bobb

FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHRUBS, ROSES, BUDS, &C., from Silas Boardman's celebrated ROCHESTER NURSERIES.



The undersigned has been appointed an Agent for the sale of the above-named articles. Persons wishing any of them will do well to call and examine the catalogue.
☞ All orders will be promptly attended to.
J. G. ADLUM, *Agent.*
Altoona, Aug. 27, 1861.-4t*

WANTED.
100 JOUNEYMEN ARE WANTED to make Army Shoes for the United States. Liberal wages given. Apply to
JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Aug. 22, 1861. Altoona, Pa.

Outbreak in East Ward!
"UP, GUARDS! AND AT 'EM!"
We don't want you to kill any body, but we want you to get up and go at and carry away some of the choice
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, CONFECTIONARIES,
Cigars, Tobacco and other Articles,
just opened to the public, by
WILLIAM S. PERCIVAL,
at their Store-rooms on the corner of the alley above Ickes' building, in East Altoona. They will keep constantly on hand a good supply of all kinds of Groceries and Confectionaries, Cigars and Tobacco of the best quality, all kinds of Provisions, such as Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Flour, Feed, etc., etc.
They invite a call and a trial of their goods, feeling confident that they can please both in quality and price.
Aug 8, 1861-tf

THE HEROES OF PEACE,
AND
The Heroes of War.
E. ANTHONY, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, is now publishing, in addition to other portraits, the celebrated collection known in Europe and America as
Brady's National Photographic Portrait Gallery,
in which is included Portraits of nearly all the PROMINENT MEN OF AMERICA, not excepting Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Floyd, and a host of other confederates. Price of Portraits $3.00 per dozen. Can be sent by mail.
Scenes of the War for the Union,
are published, card size, and in stereoscopic form,
ALSO,
Stereoscopic Views of Scenes in Paris, London, and in other parts of England and France; in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, on the Rhine, in Athens, Egypt, Turkey, the Holy Land, China, India, Cuba, &c., *ad infinitum.*
Our Instantaneous Stereoscopic Views
Are the Greatest Wonder of the Age.
These are taken in the fortieth part of a second, and the rushing of water, the moving of leaves, or the march of an army, does not in the slightest degree affect the taking of these views. They are sold for $5.00 per dozen.
We have also on hand and manufacture the largest assortment of Stereoscopes, Photographic Albums, and Photographic Materials in the United States, and perhaps in the world.
CATALOGUES, containing lists of our Portraits, Views, Stereoscopes, &c., sent free by mail, on receipt of a stamp.
E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway,
Aug8-1y near St. Nicholas, New York.

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.
R. O. A. KERR
HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York city with a beautiful assortment of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
FOR THE LADIES,
consisting in part of
Toil De Ete, Japanese,
Pekho Strips, De Chevres,
Irish Poplins, Ducois,
Lavellas, Polards,
Crape De Bege, Lawns, Silks, &c.
INDIAN SILK SHAWLS,
a beautiful article, cheap and fashionable,
STELLA AND PRINTED SHAWLS.
A large assortment of the prettiest PRINTS ever brought to the town, so acknowledged by competent judges.
Ladies' Trimmings in endless variety.
He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of
QUEENSWARE,
which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Iron Stone sets for $4.50—Tea Sets for $3.00.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
directly from New York, and bought from first hands,
BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL, INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.
His stock of
GROCERIES
is complete in every respect, and will so sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. Good Carriages for $4.00 and $4.50, and Spring Carriages for $5.00, just as good as heretofore sold for $8.00.
Wooden and Willow Ware
in almost every variety, together with all the outfit of a first class store. [May 9, 1861-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING
MACHINES.
Wheeler & Wilson's Wheeler & Wilson's
R. A. O. KERR,
ALTOONA, PA.,
Agent for Blair County.
Wheeler & Wilson's Wheeler & Wilson's
THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,
Over 14,000 More
of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.
The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.
The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.
Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45.
[March 21, 1861-tf.

Iron City College
$35,00
Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of
$2000,00 per Annum,
immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.
☞ Minister's sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.
For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals.
JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Altoona, Jan. 24, '61-1y.

THE ROOT & HERB DOCTOR,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,
WHO HAS HAD 30 YEARS CONSTANT practice, can be consulted at the Altoona House, Mr. John Wood's, viz.:—*On the 7th of June, the 8th of July, and the 7th of August*—he will then vacate for 3 months. Notice will be given in this paper when he commences his Winter's Term again.
He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females who may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex, to call and examine his new mode of treatment, as thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess at the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.
Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month, except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they vary from $10 to $100. Examination free. DR. W. LEVINGSTON.
N. B.—See Handbills. [May 8, '61.

DR. CALDERWOOD offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on *Virginia Street*, nearly opposite C. J. Mann's Store.
REFERENCES:
J. B. LUDEN, M. D., Huntingdon.
JNO McCULLOCH, M. D.,
H. T. COPPER, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B. CHRIST, Birmingham.
Rev. THOMAS STEVENSON, Tyrone City.
JACOB BURLEY, "
C. GUYER, "
W. BURLEY, "
M. H. JOLLY, "
Altoona, May 9th, 1861-1y*

GLEN-ECHO MILLS,
GERMANTOWN, PA.
McCALLUM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Carpeting, Druggets, Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS, &C.
WAREHOUSE, No 509 CHESTNUT STREET, (opposite the State House,) PHILADELPHIA. [mar21,'61-1y.

BLANKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS neatly and expeditiously executed at this office.

PROF. O. J. WOOD'S
RESTORATIVE CORDIAL
AND
BLOOD RENOVATOR.
IS precisely what its name indicates, for while pleasant to the taste, it is revivifying, exhilarating and strengthening to the vital powers. It also revivifies, reinstates and renews the blood in all its original purity, and thus restores and renders the system invulnerable to attacks of disease. It is the only preparation ever offered to the world in a popular form so as to be within the reach of all.
So chemically and skillfully combined as to be the most powerful tonic, and yet so perfectly adapted *so as to act in perfect accordance with the laws of nature, and hence soothe the weakest stomach* and tone up the digestive organs, and allay all nervous and other irritation. It is also perfectly exhilarating in its effects, and yet it is never followed by lassitude or depression of spirits. It is composed entirely of vegetables, and those thoroughly combining powerful tonic and soothing properties, and consequently can never injure. As a sure preventive and cure of
CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, LOSS OF APPETITE, FAINTNESS, NERVOUS IRRITABILITY, NEURALGIA, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, MELANCHOLY, NIGHT SWEATS, LASSITUDE, GIDDINESS, AND ALL THAT CLASS OF CASES SO FEARFULLY FATAL CALLED FEMALE WEAKNESS, AND IRREGULARITIES.
THERE IS NOTHING ITS EQUAL.
Also, Liver Derangements or Torpidity, and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidney, or any general derangement of the Urinary organs.
It will not only cure the debility following CHILLS and FEVER, but prevent all attacks arising from Miasmatic influences, and cure the diseases at once, if already attacked.
Travelers should have a bottle with them, as it will infallibly prevent any deleterious consequences following upon change of climate and water.
As it prevents costiveness, strengthens the digestive organs, it should be in the hands of all persons of sedentary habits.
Ladies not accustomed to much out-door exercise should always use it.
Mothers should use it, for it is a perfect relief, taken a month or two before the final trial, she will pass the dreadful period with perfect ease and safety.
There is no mistake about it.
THE CORDIAL IS ALL WE CLAIM FOR IT!
MOTHERS TRY IT!!
And to you we appeal, to detect the illness or decline not only of your daughters before it is too late, but also your sons and husbands, for while the former from false delicacy, often go down to a premature grave, rather than let their condition be known in time, the latter are often so mixed up with the excitement of business, that if it were not for you, they too, would travel in the same downward path until it is too late to arrest their fatal fall. But the mother is always vigilant, and to you we confidently appeal; for we are sure your never-failing affection will unerringly point you to PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL AND BLOOD RENOVATOR as the remedy which should always be on hand in time of need.
O. J. WOOD, Proprietor, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis. Price $1 per bottle.
For sale in Altoona by A. ROUSH, Agent, and all good Druggists. [June 27, 1861.-1yeow

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!
HUZZA FOR NORTH WARD.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the surrounding country that he has rented the store room formerly occupied by Jacob Burkhart, on Virginia street, near A. McCormick's store, where he is about opening a
Grocery, Flour, Feed and Provision Store.
He has just returned from the East where he has been selecting his groceries with great care and buying exclusively for cash, which enables him to sell as low, if not a little lower, than any house in the place. He would therefore say to all who wish a good article of groceries, and at a low figure, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
His stock consists of
Hats and Caps, Men and Women's Shoes, Notions of all kinds.
Extra Family Flour, Superfine, Corn Meal, Rye and Corn Chop.

Extra Lovering Syrup Molasses,	60	cents	per	gal.
Golden "	45	"	"	"
Pennsylvania "	55	"	"	"
Baking "	37½	"	"	"
White Crush Sugar	11	"	"	lb.
White "	10	"	"	"
Refined "	10	"	"	"
Best Brown "	8	"	"	"
Cuba "	7	"	"	"
Rio Coffee	15 to 16	"	"	"
Best Imperial Teas	90	"	"	"
2nd quality "	75	"	"	"
Black "	50	"	"	"

Rosin and Castile Soap, Raisins, Figs, Almonds, Filberts, English Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Mackerel, Herring, Lake Trout, Dairy Salt, Cheese, and everything that is necessarily kept in a good family grocery.
April 4, '61-tf.] J. A. SPRANKLE.

What's the News?
WHY THIS, THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and opened a large and beautiful stock of
SEASONABLE GOODS
among which may be found the following
FOR THE LADIES:
Fancy and Plain, magnificent and brilliant styles of Spring Silks, Black Silks, Norwich Poplins, Challie De Laines, colored and figured Brilliants, French and English Chintzes, English and American Calicoes, &c.
WHITE GOODS.
We have in this department, Linens, Laces, Edgings, Canabrics, Brilliants, Nainsooks, Jaconetts, Lawns, Mull Muslins, Ladies Fine French Collars, Undersleeves, &c., all of which we respectfully ask a thorough examination in order to satisfy Ladies that we have these goods better and lower in price than the lowest.
Mourning Goods.
This line of goods is very ample in every department.
Hosiery and Gloves.
Silk, Woolen Cotton and Linen Hose for ladies and gentlemen, and an endless variety for children. Ladies and gentlemen's Kid, Kid Finishes, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves. Call and see our far famed "Buck Gloves."
DOMESTICS.
Muslins, Flannels, Blankets, and every article in the Domestic line of Dry Goods, in larger quantity and in more complete assortment than can be found in any house in the interior of Pennsylvania.
We have also a fine assortment of
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
together with a full stock of
Groceries, Queensware, Hardware,
and all the et ceteras of a country store.
May 9, 1861. J. B. HILEMAN.

LADIES' WINE.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE,
OF CULTIVATED PORTUGAL ELDER.
EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.
EVERY FAMILY SHOULD USE
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE.
CELEBRATED for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a genuine Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, and some of the first families in Europe and America.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE
is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure, from cultivated Portugal Elder, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefiting ladies and children.
A LADIES' WINE,
because it will not intoxicate as other wines, as it contains no mixture of spirits or other liquors, and is admired for its rich peculiar flavor and nutritive properties, imparting a healthy tone to the digestive organs, and a blooming, soft and healthy skin and complexion.
None genuine unless the signature of
ALFRED SPEER, Passaic, N. J.,
is over the cork of each bottle.
MAKE ONE TRIAL OF THIS WINE.
A. SPEER, Proprietor,
Office 208 Broadway, New York.
☞ For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona; GEO. W. PATTERSON and GEO. A. JACOBS, Hollidaysburg; and by W. NOWLIN & CO., Tyrone. [je27-1y

COAL.
NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscriber would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.
☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard.
July 25, 1861.-tf. H. B. MYERS.

TIGHEMAN V. RHOADS, ... CHAR

HARD TIMES

MADE EASY!

Good News for the Unemployed!

1000 Chances to make Money!

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

WORTH OF

WATCHES,
JEWELRY
AND
SILVER-PLATED WARE,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON

AN ENTIRELY NEW

AND

ORIGINAL PLAN!

2,500 AGENTS WANTED!!!

All persons desirous of securing an Agency in this

New Enterprise

Should send on their names at once, enclosing a 3 cent stamp to pay postage, and receive by return of mail

A PREMIUM
CATALOGUE

Containing

OUR INDUCEMENTS,

Which afford

A RARE CHANCE

TO MAKE

MONEY

without risk, together with

FULL PARTICULARS

Relative to this

NOVEL PLAN!

To insure prompt and satisfactory dealings, direct all orders to

GEORGE G. EVANS,
439 Chestnut Street,
Philadelphia.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL BOOK BINDERY,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Triennial and Yearly Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes. Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER,
Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-ly

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JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!

I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26–3m JACOB SNYDER.

SPRING OF 1861.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,
No. 87, Wood Street,
(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand,)

Has for sale beautiful French, German & American

WALL PAPERS,

For Parlors,
Halls,
Chambers,
Churches,
Lodges,

50,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cents.

Window Curtains, Fire Board Prints,
Tester Covers, Ceilings, &c.

☞ Look for the Striped Front.

Altoona, March 7, 1861-4m.

Wall Paper and Border.

AN UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK of the

LATEST SPRING STYLES,

Just received, which will be sold cheaper than ever by March 21, 1861-tf. J. & J. LOWTHER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESERVERS for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PROF. L. MILLER'S
HAIR INVIGORATOR!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being.

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous
LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence,

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug. 23, '60–1y. Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

AUCTION GOODS
VERY CHEAP AT
McCormick's Store, in East Altoona!

JUST OPENED A VERY LARGE and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of British, French and American Dry Goods, selected with great care to suit this region of country. In the line of Ladies Dress Goods for quality and price, they will surpass.

Mantillas, Dusters, Shawls, White Goods, Embroideries, Irish Linens, Linen Handkerchiefs, Hoopskirts, Clothes, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Flannels, Etc., Etc.

Boots & Shoes in all their various make and material for Men & Boys' as well as Ladies, Misses and Children.

Ready Made Clothing,

a full assortment to suit the season, with Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Parasols, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Tin Ware, Queensware, Hard Ware, Stone Ware, Market Baskets, Zink Rubbers, Brushes, Clothes Lines, &c., with all articles necessary to make up a full assortment to meet the wants of the people.

ALSO, a complete

FAMILY GROCERY,

which will have our special attention, first in buying and selecting the best, and freshest articles as well as keeping it up at all times. Coffees of the very best and richest varieties.

TEAS,

Black and Green of the best quality and flavor. Sugars good and cheap; common Brown at 6, good at 8 cents, common white 10 cents.

Syrups and Baking Molasses,

from the best Loverings at 62½, to the lowest grade at 40 cents. Cornstarch, Dryed Peaches, Dryed Apples, Farrena, Bacon, Dryed Beef, Mackarel, Herring, Lake Fish & Dry Fish, Window Glass, different sizes, &c., all of which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for Produce.

Always on hand, Speer & Halls celebrated Iron Plows.

Persons visiting town would do well before making their selections to call and examine our stock, as we will be pleased to see them free of charge. Very thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.

Altoona, April 15th, 1861-tf.

LABOR-SAVING WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to these persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. Its simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operator and the looker on.

3rd. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quntity of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN,
Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS, EMILE TIETZE.
MICHAEL CALVERT, THOS. McAULEY,
JOSEPH G. ADLUM, DANIEL PRICE.
R. A. O. KEER.

HAT & CAP EMPORIUM,
JESSE SMITH, Proprietor.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF HATS and CAPS constantly on hand. It is the determination of the proprietor of this Emporium to keep up with the times and fashions, and to do this he spares no expense. He has just received his supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND CAPS,

Among which will be found styles and qualities to suit the tastes of old or young, plain or fashionable.

To give the names, colors, qualities and styles of all his goods in this line, would only confuse the reader, and he would not then understand or appreciate the diversity and magnitude of his stock. It must be seen to be believed.—Go and see Jesse if you want to see a live hatter and a fashionable stock.

He has also a fine assortment of CHILDREN'S HATS and FLATS, to which he invites the attention of solicitous mothers. At his store they will find something which will excel all their neighbors in the way of fashion and beauty. Go, mothers, and examine and select from Jesse Smith's stock.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.
May 9, 1861.

J. G. ADLUM,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman. October 1, 1857.

ROBES! ROBES! Just received a fine lot of Buffalo Robes, which we will sell at from $4 to $10 a piece. Two doors below the Post Office. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*
Jan. 3, 1861.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.
Altoona, Feb. 9, 1859-tf.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by [1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES AT 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

MOFFAT'S
LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTER.

THESE MEDICINE HAVES NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

SCURVY, ULCERS, and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines, was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—Kings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to expel from the system all the effects of Mercury, sooner and finitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT,
335 Broadway, New York.
For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 13, 1860–1y.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

GROCERY, PROVISION,
AND
WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.
July 12, 1860.-6m. J. BERKOWITZ.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Brogans, Gaiters, &c.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.
Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!! The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices.—Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY,
OREAPOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
WM. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCRUM & DERN, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. McFARTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

S. M. WOODKOK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on ANNIE STREET, 3doors above the Post Office. Sept. 6, 1860-tf.

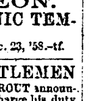
W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.,
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,

BANKERS.

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.
Feb. 3d, 1859.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.



By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER,
DENTAL SURGEON.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

☞ A Student wanted. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

OYES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at 1-tf G. W. KESSLER'S.

NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS
AT HILEMAN'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS HIS customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for magnificence, extent and variety, have never before been excelled in Blair county. Particular attention is invited to our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challiez, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Cloaks, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

We have Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Heads of families would do well to call and examine our stock of Winter Goods for Boys.

Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., in any quantity and at prices that cannot fail to please.

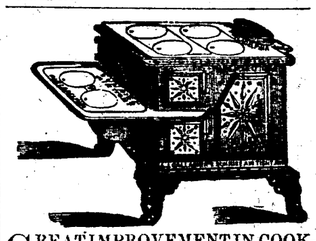
GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and a endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct. 25, 1860. J. B. HILEMAN.



GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER,
Sole Agent for Blair County.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1858.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS
AT THE "MODEL."

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN unusually fine Stock of Goods suitable for the Season. No Auction trash, but regular good Goods at very low prices. We deem it unnecessary to parade the prices of a few articles in an advertisement, but only say that we can and will sell goods at as fair prices as any other house in the place. We have, as usual, a great variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

In this department we think we can say we have the best assortment to be found in the place, consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks, Poplins, Lustres, Morellas, Broche Mozambiques, Arabesques, Valencias, Grisailles, Catabrians, Challies, Delaines, Debeges, Lavellas, Brilliants, Ginghams, Lawns, Chintzes, Prints, and a full line of Domestic Dry Goods.

Also, Stella and Berege Anglais Shawls, Dusters, Hosiery, Gloves Collars and Cuffs, Magic Ruffling and a full stock of all kinds of notions and Fancy Goods. Umbrellas large and small, Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Window Shades, Wall Paper and Border, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware, Queensware,

Childrens Fancy Gigs, &c., &c.

We have also on hands a very large and superior stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

at Greatly Reduced Prices. Sugars and Syrups by the barrel at a small advance.

☞ We take this occasion to return our sincere thanks to the people of Altoona and vicinity for the share of their patronage heretofore received, and invite them to drop in and see our new stock which we feel confident will please.

Altoona, April 19. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iorn Ware,
SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Store Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-ly

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MORE GOOD NEWS! The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and VESTING,

material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered with be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.

I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*
Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.
Jan. 3, '56-tf JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,
Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by
Oct. 15-tf] J. B. HILEMAN.

HOSTETTER'S
STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.
Sept. 20, 1860-1y.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS.
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK,
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction.
Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1858-tf.

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNces to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoicee of

Fruit, Confectionaries, Nuts, Spices

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS &C.,

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

Literary Emporium and News Depot
CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO,
JEWELRY & VARIETY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTINUES to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of Jewelry. Call and examine. H. FETTINGER.
Altoona, July 26, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.
March 17, 1858. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.
Jan. 24, '56-tf]

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Scrub and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT.
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!
WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
No. 807 MARKET, No. 807 MARKET,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PHILADELPHIA,
PA.
PA.
PA.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting OF CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gilt, gift or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewelry.*

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States,

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.

The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices, ... $8 to $1
Do do Lava do 10 to 30
Do do Carbuncle do 8 to 99
Do Ladies' Enamelled and Coral do 7 to 30
Do do and Carbuncle do 7 to 30
Do do and Ruby do 7 to 30
Do Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets do 10 to 99
Do do do Vase do do 10 to 30
Do do do Jet Sets, do 5 to 12
Do do Black Mosaic do 6 to 12
Do do Gold Stone Mosaic do 6 to 12
Do do Calico Sets, do 5 to 12
Do Ribbon Twists, with brilliants, do 6 to 15
Do Boquet Sets, new style, do 8 to 30
Do Enamelled Cluster do do 10 to 30
Gold Thimbles, do 3 to 7
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens and Cases, 3 to 6
½ doz. Silver Plated Spoons, 2 00
Silver Plated Mugs, 4 00

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description; Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains, $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $5 to $30 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patters; Armlets, brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This sale, at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY.—☜

1st. Write your name, place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Post marks.*

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the contents taken out and re-sealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.

Any person ac